

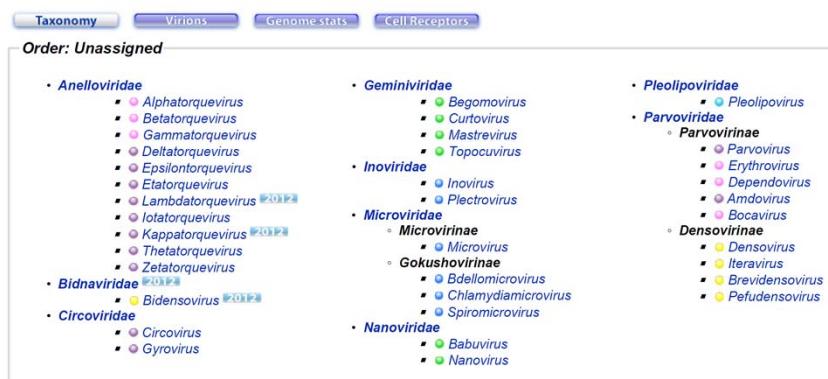
# Virologie vétérinaire

## Chapitre 6 interactions virus-hôte : virus à ADN monocaténaire



# Virus à ADN monocaténaire

## SINGLE STRAND DNA VIRUSES



**HOST LEGEND:** Human Non-Human Vertebrate Eukaryotic microorganisms Invertebrate Plant Archeabacteria Bacteria

## Deux familles virales à ADN monocaténaire

- *Parvoviridae*
- *Circoviridae*



### *Parvoviridae*

- *Densovirinae*
  - Virus d'insectes
- *Parvovirinae*
  - *Amdovirus* (Virus de la maladie aléoutienne du vison)
  - *Bocavirus*
    - Parvovirus bovin
    - Virus minute canin
  - *Dependovirus* (Virus adéno-associés (adeno-associated viruses))
  - *Erythrovirus* (Parvovirus humain B19)
  - *Parvovirus*
    - Virus de la panleucopénie féline, parvovirus canin 2, virus de l'entérite du vison, parvovirus du raton laveur
    - Parvovirus porcin



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The diagram illustrates the pathogenesis of canine parvovirose. At the top, a dog is shown with an arrow pointing to its small intestine labeled "Intestin grêle". Below the dog, three viruses are depicted: Parvovirus (purple hexagonal), Coronavirus (pink circular), and Rotavirus (blue circular). Arrows show the movement of these viruses from the intestinal lumen through the intestinal wall into the bloodstream. A detailed cross-section of the intestinal mucosa shows the crypts where the viruses are replicating. To the right, a photograph shows a small, sick dog lying in a cage, connected to a drip.

Parvovirose canine

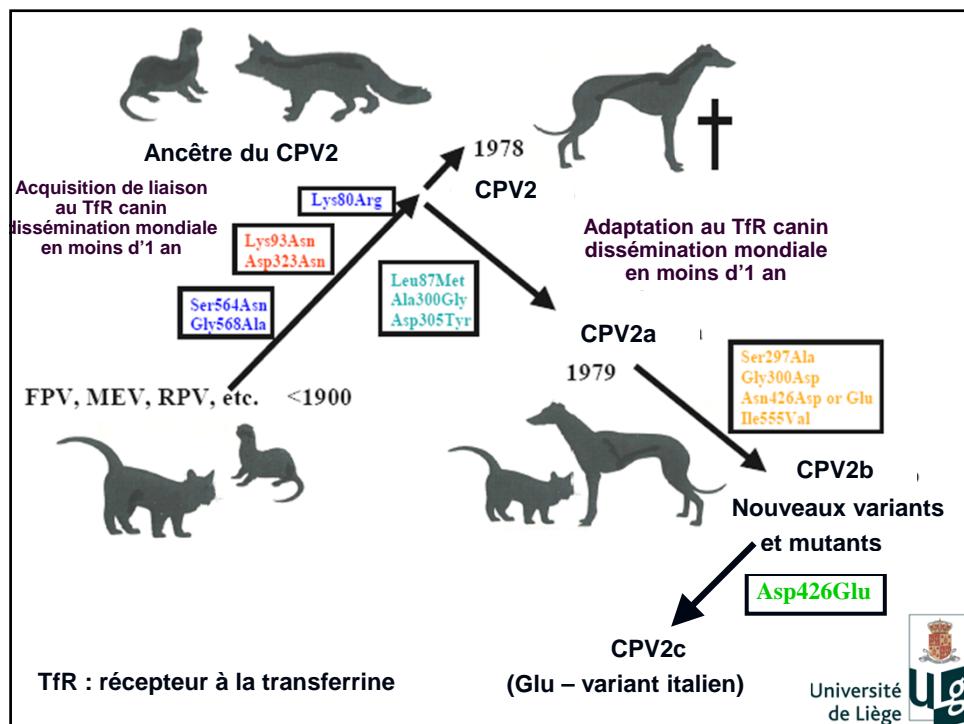
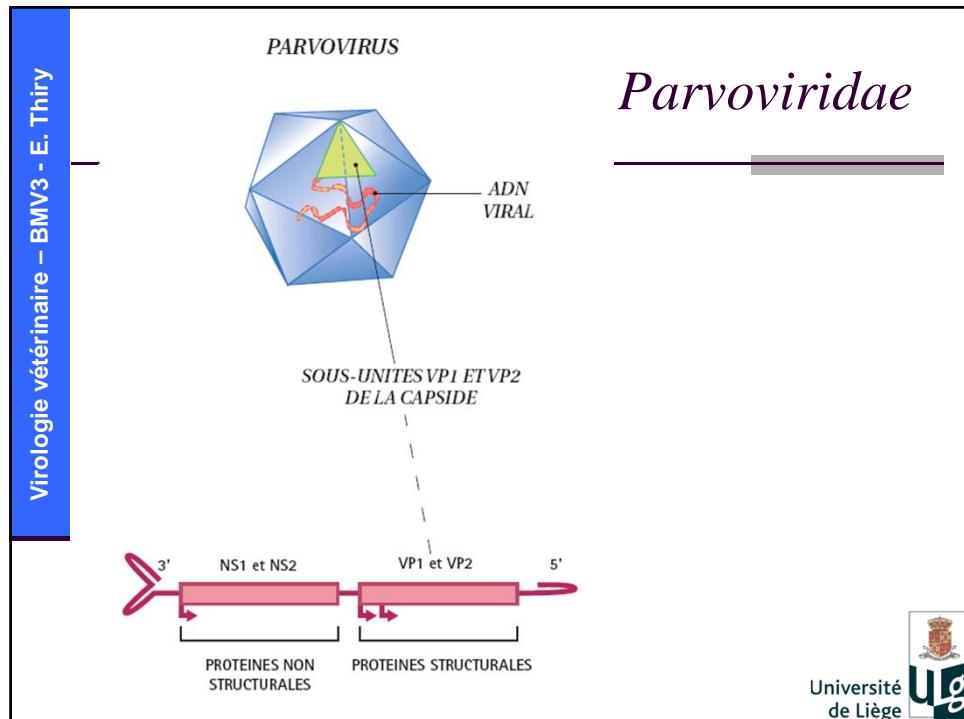
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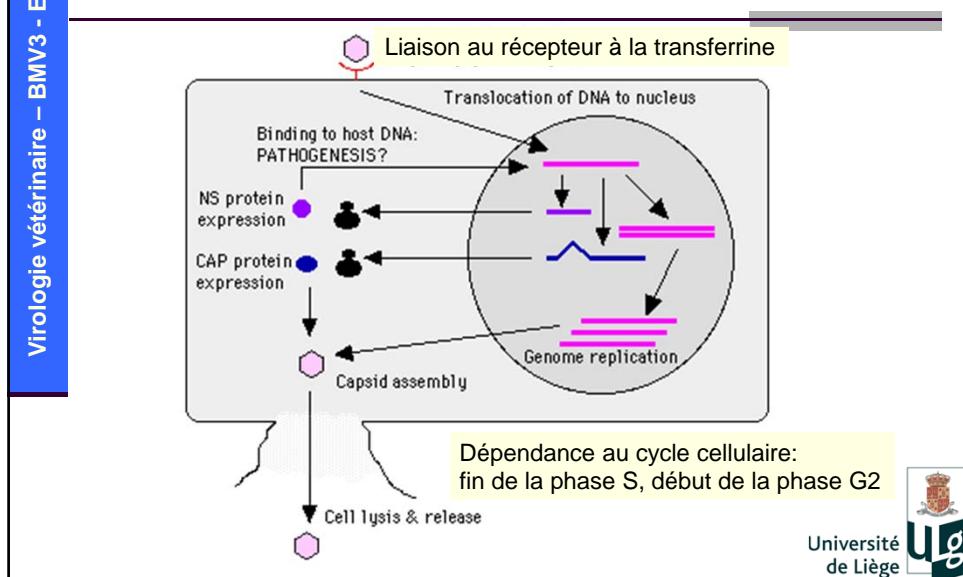
### Parvovirose canine: atrophie des organes lymphoïdes (ici thymus)

Two post-mortem photographs of canine organs. The left image shows a large, pale, shrunken thymus gland. The right image shows a similar pale, shrunken lymphoid tissue structure, likely the spleen or another lymph node, compared to a normal, redder organ.

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## Cycle de multiplication des parvovirus



## Circoviridae

- **Circoviridae**
  - **Circovirus**
    - Circovirus porcin 1
    - Circovirus porcin 2 (MAP)
    - Circovirus du pigeon
    - Virus de la maladie du bec et des plumes (beak and feather disease virus)
  - **Gyrovirus**
    - Virus de l'anémie du poulet

## Circovirus porcin 2 : maladie de l'amaigrissement du porcelet

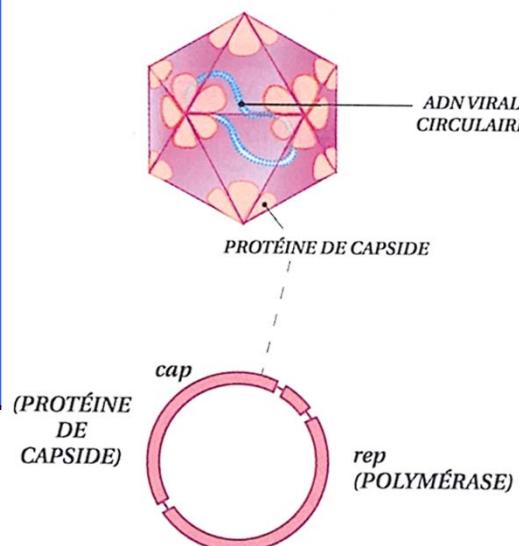


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### CIRCOVIRUS

### *Circoviridae*



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## En résumé : virus à ADN monocaténaire

- Deux familles de virus animaux :  
*Parvoviridae et Circoviridae*
- Virus = nucléocapside : résistant dans le milieu extérieur
- Petit génome, capacité codante réduite
- Multiplication en cellules à division rapide

